TABLE OF CONTENTS

Prefacei	
International Education Levels and Agesiv-vi	

SECTION 1 - TEACHING GUIDE

PART 1 TE	ACHING G	UIDE			
AHo	w to use the	manual3			
A1 The teaching guide					
	A2 The teaching material3				
	A3 The App	endix5			
	A4 The less	on framework7			
B Saf	fety	8			
	B1 General	safety points8			
	(a)	Clothing and footwear8			
	(b)	Equipment9			
	(c)	Environment			
	B2 Activity-s	pecific safety 11			
	(a)	Walking, running, and running over obstacles 11			
	(b)	Jumping for height and length 11			
	(c)	Throwing 11			
COr	ganisation				
	C1 Organisa	ation of pupils12			
	C2 Organisa	ation of space12			
	(a)	Alignment12			
	(b)	Wheel			
	(c)	Grids			
	(d)	Distance marks16			
	(e)	Tag games			
D Fit	ness and h	ealth			
	D1 Why do w	ve need to warm-up18			
	D2 Why do w	ve need to cool-down			
	D3 Effects a	nd benefits of a healthy lifestyle21			
	hlipptions				

	(a)	Sprinting style	25
	(b)	Underarm throw	25
	(c)	Push throw	
	(d)	Pull throw	26
	(e)	Take-off and landing	27
	(f)	Face-to-face baton exchange	27
F	Teacher a	assessment and recording	28
	F1 \	Year 1&2 assessment sheet	

SECTION 2 - DETAILED SCHEME OF WORK FOR 5-7 YEARS (KEY STAGE 1)

5-6 YEARS (YEAR 1) - UNIT 1

UNIT 1 MEDIUM TERM PLAN	35-36
 Learning Objectives 	
 Expected Learning Outcomes 	
 Children should also be guided continuously to 	
5-6 YEARS (YEAR 1) 6 LESSON PLANS; 10 SKILL CARDS	
5-6 YEARS (YEAR 1) - UNIT 2	
UNIT 2 MEDIUM TERM PLAN	51-52
 Learning Objectives 	
 Expected Learning Outcomes 	
 Children should also be guided continuously to 	
5-6 YEARS (YEAR 1) 6 LESSON PLANS; 10 SKILL CARDS	53-67
A - Team Competition	64
B - Individual Record	65
A - Team Score B - Personal Record Card	66-67

6-7 YEARS (YEAR 2) - UNIT 1

SECTION 3 - APPENDICES

APPENDIX A - WARM-UP ACTIVITIES

a (i) Mobility of joints	
a (ii) Stretching with "Alphabetashapes"	

APPENDIX B - SKILL DEVELOPMENT AND INDIVIDUAL/ TEAM CHALLENGES

(a) Running skills and re	lays 135
(b) Throwing	
(i) Push	
(ii) Pull	
(iii) Fling	
(c) Jumping	
(i) High	
(ii) Low	
(d) Running over obstact	es
© Val Sabin Publications X	V

5-6 YEARS (YEAR 1)

OBJECTIVES

Children should learn:-

- to remember, repeat and link combinations of actions.
- to choose equipment suitable for the task or challenge.
- to describe what their bodies feel like during different activities.
- to watch, copy and describe what others have done.

© Val Sabin Publications

UNIT FRAMEWORK

- (a) Travelling in different ways for whole body involvement and efficient mobilisation of joints.
- (b) Engaging in pulse-raising running and avoiding games to further develop spatial awareness and control when moving.
- (c) Further developing specific basic skills of:
 - running style
 - jumping techniques and combination of jumps together with a partner
 - pull throw overarm throwing
 - pivot turn changing direction
 - running in curving pathways
 - underarm throwing
 - push throw
- (d) Working co-operatively with a partner and problem-solving.
- (e) Exploring how different body positions and different types of equipment affect the success /effectiveness of an activity.
- (f) Working to the rules of a game or challenge.

© Val Sabin Publications

5-6 YEARS (YEAR 1) - UNIT 2

EXPECTED LEARNING OUTCOMES

By the end of this unit most children will be able to:-

- demonstrate basic jumps and make up simple combinations with a partner.
- move at different speeds and change direction with a pivot action.
- demonstrate the overarm throw and show increasing accuracy into targets.
- use skills to meet different challenges.
- describe what happens to their heart, breathing and temperature when they engage in different types of activity.
- explain what they have to do to perform better.

5-6 YEARS (YEAR 1) - UNIT 2



Warm-up



(iv)

Move in and out of each other without bumping. On command can you stretch up high, arms above head and move "TALL" or bend down low and move "SMALL".

(Call them alternately several times. Children look straight ahead.)

- Move about "WIDE" like a broad bean without bumping into anyone. (Strong bodies stretch wide and keep head up. Show demonstrations.)
- (iii) Move TALL, WIDE or SMALL in response to instructions. (*Call them out several times in random order.*)
 - FREE AND CAUGHT SMALL (Tag game in a restricted area.)
 Two, three or four catchers wearing bibs/bands. The catchers attempt to "tag" all free runners. When runners get caught they crouch down to the ground. They can be released by a free runner crouching down briefly beside them. (Change the taggers often probably about every minute.)

Skill Development – RUNNING STYLE

Identify a start line and mark out another line 20 metres away. Children stand in two's one behind the other on the start line.

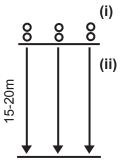
- On a "start" signal No.1 **walks** fast to cross the other line **with arms tightly by sides**, then stays there. On the next signal No.2 repeats the activity. Repeat the walking in the other direction but **swing your arms strongly**. Was there any difference? Which felt best? Practise with your partner and talk about it. Now try **skipping** with arms by sides and then swinging arms strongly. Which felt best and why?
- (iii) If swinging our arms makes the travelling easier, let's try it with running. Take it in turns to **run** down your track with **knees high and strongly swinging arms.** (Encourage individuals and reinforce the teaching points. Show any good demonstrations.)
- (iv) Have one final sprint with the teacher starting it. No.1 first then No.2.

Challenge – ISLAND HOPPING ON A JET PLANE!

Add cones to make a 20 metre square with a small square in each corner. *(Use mats if they can be easily transported)* Divide the class into four groups - each group stands on its own island.

Remind children they move as a group and practise "island hopping" first. i.e. on a signal from the teacher, the group runs in a clockwise direction to the next island. (*Four times to take them back to their own mat.*)

- Number the groups one to four. No.1s and No.3s go on your signal and run all the way round the outside of the square, back to their own island again. Which group is back first? Same procedure with groups 2 and 4. Have one more race for each group.
- **Cool-Down** Put equipment away. March around the play space, swinging your arms across your body (*approximately 1 minute.*)



ΔΔ

² ▲ (i)

 $\wedge \bigstar \wedge$

(ii)

 $\Lambda^3 \Lambda$

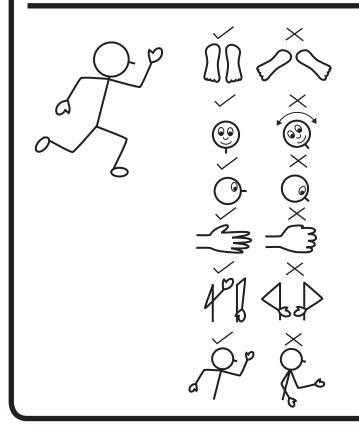
ΔΔ

Λ

٨

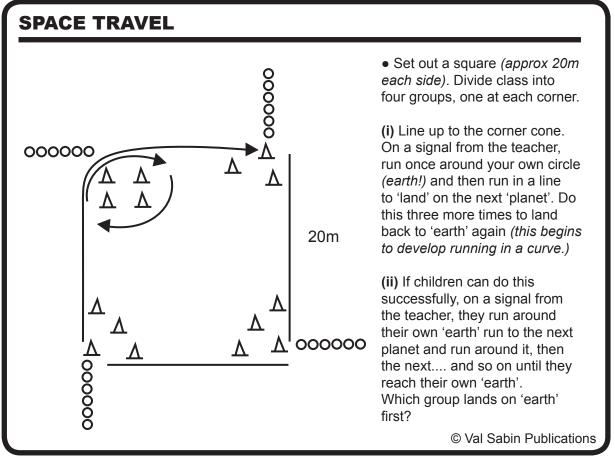
RUNNING STYLE

SKILL CARD



- Feet in line **not** "10 to 2".
- Head in line with body **not** held to one side or swaying from side-to-side.
- Head up looking ahead not head forward and looking at the floor.
- Hands relaxed **not** fist clenched.
- Arms close to body not elbows wide and away from the body.
- Arms swinging high and 90° bend of elbow.

© Val Sabin Publications



6-7 YEARS (YEAR 2)

OBJECTIVES

Children should learn:-

- To remember, repeat and link combinations of actions with greater control and co-ordination.
- To choose equipment to help them meet the challenges set.
- To describe what their bodies feel like during exercise.
- To watch and describe what others have done.

© Val Sabin Publications

UNIT FRAMEWORK

- (a) Introduction to mobility exercises and children incorporating them into their warm-ups.
- (b) Engaging in a variety of pulse-raising, running and avoiding games to further develop co-ordination and control of their bodies in space.
- (c) Developing basic techniques of:-
 - push-throw and push-bounce.
 - sprinting technique isolating different elements.
 - throwing for distance.
 - even pacing between obstacles.
 - jumping for distance using different patterns and take-offs and landings.
 - push throw with a bounce.
- (d) Working co-operatively with a partner, counting, timing, problem-solving and simple peer assessment.
- (e) Exploring and experiencing the use of a range of equipment, different body positions, different types of take-off and landing and understanding how they can affect the success of an activity.
- (f) Working together to follow the rules of a game, relay or event. © Val Sabin Publications

6-7 YEARS (YEAR 2)

EXPECTED LEARNING OUTCOMES

By the end of this unit most children will be able to:-

- demonstrate a range of take-offs and landings and combine some of them into patterns of jumping.
- show the difference between running at speed and jogging and be able to maintain a steady rhythm.
- take part in a relay activity.
- throw with increasing accuracy using a variety of games equipment.
- use different techniques for running, jumping and throwing.
- describe what happens to their heart-rate and temperature when they have been active.
- explain what is successful and what they have to do to perform better.



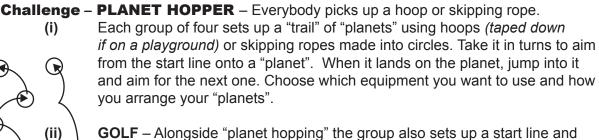
- **Warm-up** Remind children of the mobilisation of joints.
 - (i) SNOWFLAKE Jog in and out of each other dodging and weaving to avoid contact. On one whistle stop and stretch out into a wide snowflake shape. On two whistles stand with a partner to make the wide shape. On three whistles stand in a stretched circle of three. (Change the mode of travel each time, i.e. jog, skip, side gallop).
 - (ii) SNOOKER CLEAR THE TABLE (Game in a restricted space.) At least three children holding a medium/large light ball each. Everyone runs about the restricted space whilst the "snooker players" with the balls run around the **outside** of the space. On "STOP" everyone stands still and the "snooker players" roll the ball to hit a stationery person's feet/legs. (They may not move to avoid it!) When hit they change places with the snooker players. The winner is the person who has been hit the least number of times.

Skill Development – THROWING FOR DISTANCE

Divide the class into groups of four – each with a different piece of equipment *(not a ball that bounces or rolls easily)* e.g. koosh ball, beanbag, quoit, shuttlecock. Groups stand behind a line and face another line **at least** 30 metres away *(more if possible)*. Groups should be spread well away from each other for safety.

- No.1, on a signal, throws his/her equipment as far as possible towards the further line. He/she runs after it and throws it again from where it landed. How many throws to get to the other line? Which **type** of throw is most effective for each different piece of equipment?
 - When all the No.1s have reached the furthest line a signal starts No.2 etc. They keep the same equipment to do the return journey and see if they can beat their own record.

They experiment with all four pieces of equipment and if there is enough space they can work in their own time - not wait for a signal from the teacher. (*They explore and discuss the effectiveness of different equipment and different throws.*)



GOLF – Alongside "planet hopping" the group also sets up a start line and one hoop or skipping rope circle between 15-20 metres away. They see how many "shots" *(throws)* it takes to get the ball into the "hole". They are aiming for as few shots as possible. How many? Can anyone score a "hole in one"?



(i)

(ii)

(iii)

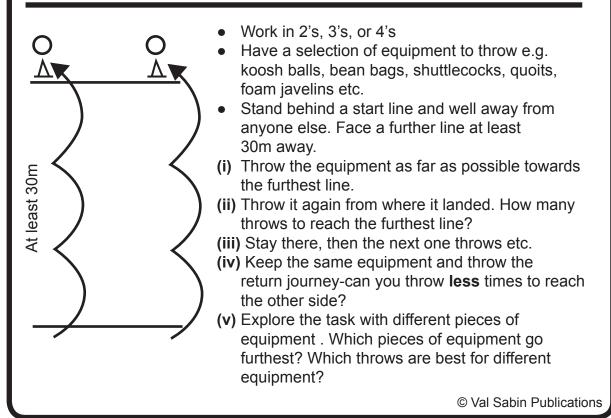
0

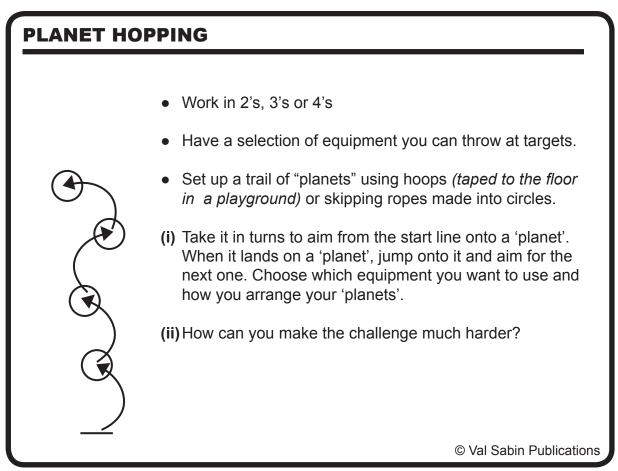
0

Δ١

At least 30m

THROWING FOR DISTANCE



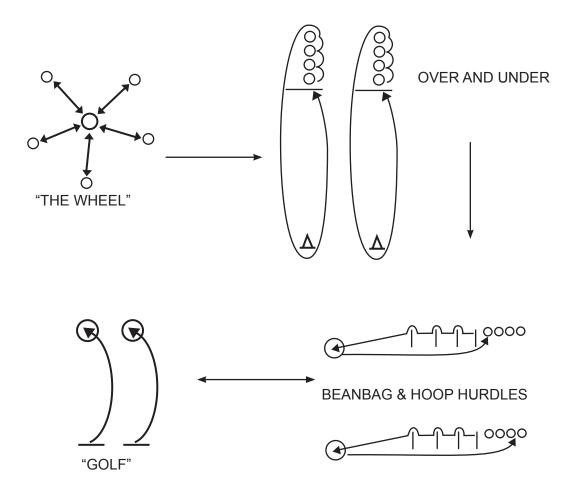


A – TEAM COMPETITION



Organisation

Set the area up with the four chosen activities. Depending on the size of the class, set up **one** or **two** bases for each activity and divide the class into group of 3 or 4. Set the challenges up at different stations on the play area. *(See the examples below).*

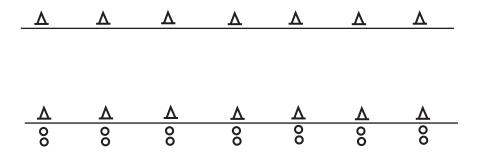


The teams take up positions at the four stations and sit down. The teacher quickly reminds children of the activities at each group.

- (i) They have a few minutes, to practise
- (ii) Centrally timed for 1 ½/2 minutes and teams record their score. Children perform for a second time and record the score. Have they beaten their previous timed score?
 (If each team has a stopwatch they can time themselves as many times as possible in 5/6 minutes and record their scores (times).
- (iii) Teams then move **clockwise** to the next activity and repeat (i) and (ii). When all teams have performed and recorded **all** the challenges; children will be able to see where they have improved their scores. (*If appropriate the teacher can see which teams were the winners on each event on the "athletics day"*.)

Organisation

Children work in pairs and count and record for each other. With central timing, everyone does to same activity at the same time – twice through to give them a chance to beat their own record. The pairs work alternately.



Basic Shape – 2 cones set approximately 10m apart with the pairs standing behind one cone.

Competition 1 – Pass the cone



One child runs for **30 seconds** around the far cone and back round the end cone. How many times does he/she pass the **far** cone in the time?

Competition 2 – Jumps - same set up of cones

Δ

Children have 3 or 4 minutes to take it in turns to see how **few** 2 feet-2 feet jumps they can take to reach for the far cone. (*Take as many turns as possible in the time allowed, and only record the lowest number of jumps.*)

Competition 3 – **Winning a Medal** – Add a hoop midway between the two cones and have one beanbag between the two children.



They take it in turns to have 5 throws to aim into the hoop. What is their highest score in 3 or 4 minutes of taking it in turns to throw?

Competition 4 – Slalom Run – Take away the hoop and add 3 more cones/markers.



Each child takes it in turn to run in and out of the slalom, straight down to side and repeat as many time as possible in 30 seconds. How many times around to end cone in 30 seconds?

A -	A - TEAM SCORE – SHEET 6-7 YEARS (YEAR 2) DATE:					
Tear	Team members: (i)					
		(ii)				
		(iii)				
		(iv)				
1	The Whe a	eel Numbe b	r of passes b c	etween tea d	m membe e	ers
2	Over an	d Under N	lumber of tim	es around t	the end co	one
	а	b	С	d	е	
3	"Golf" №	Number of	successful "H	lole-in-one"	' aims out	of 5
	а	b	С	d	е	
4	4 Beanbag and Hoop Hurdles Number of times around the end cone					
	а	b	С	d	е	
						© Val Sabin Publications

B – I	PERSONA	L RECORD	CARD 6-7	YEARS (YEAR	2) DATE :
Nam	e:					
1	Pass the (Cone Numbe	er of times a	round the e	nd con	e
	а	b	С	d	е	
2	Jumps Tw	o-footed jum	ips between	the cones	(the lea	ast number)
	а	b	С	d	е	
•					in E tri	
3	•	Medal Num				es
	а	b	С	d	е	
4	Slalom Ru	in Number o	f times arou	nd the end	cone	
	а	b	С	d	е	
						© Val Sabin Publications